

26	 repeals the requirement to post a tax rate decal on each motor fuel or undyed special
27	fuel pump or dispensing device;
28	 amends the amount of revenue that is appropriated from the Transportation Fund to
29	the class B and class C roads account;
30	► amends the apportionment formula for revenues deposited in the class B and class C
31	roads account; and
32	 makes technical and conforming changes.
33	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
34	None
35	Other Special Clauses:
36	None
37	Utah Code Sections Affected:
38	AMENDS:
39	51-2a-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 206
40	59-12-2203, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 263
41	59-13-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369
42	59-13-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 308
43	59-13-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 259
44	72-2-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 391
45	72-2-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 109
46	ENACTS:
47	59-12-2219 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	REPEALS:
49	59-13-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 253
50	
51	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
52	Section 1. Section 51-2a-202 is amended to read:
53	51-2a-202. Reporting requirements.
54	(1) The governing board of each entity required to have an audit, review, compilation,
55	or fiscal report shall ensure that the audit, review, compilation, or fiscal report is:
56	(a) made at least annually; and

87

accordance with Section 59-12-2219.

57	(b) filed with the state auditor within six months of the close of the fiscal year of the
58	entity.
59	(2) If the political subdivision, interlocal organization, or other local entity receives
60	federal funding, the audit, review, or compilation shall be performed in accordance with both
61	federal and state auditing requirements.
62	(3) If a political subdivision receives revenue from a sales and use tax imposed under
63	Section 59-12-2219, the political subdivision shall identify the amount of revenue the political
64	subdivision budgets for transportation and verify compliance with Subsection 59-12-2219(6) in
65	the audit, review, compilation, or fiscal report.
66	Section 2. Section 59-12-2203 is amended to read:
67	59-12-2203. Authority to impose a sales and use tax under this part.
68	(1) As provided in this Subsection (1), one of the following sales and use taxes may be
69	imposed within the boundaries of a local taxing jurisdiction:
70	(a) a county, city, or town may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section
71	59-12-2213 in accordance with Section 59-12-2213; or
72	(b) a city or town may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section 59-12-2215
73	in accordance with Section 59-12-2215.
74	(2) As provided in this Subsection (2), one of the following sales and use taxes may be
75	imposed within the boundaries of a local taxing jurisdiction:
76	(a) a county, city, or town may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section
77	59-12-2214 in accordance with Section 59-12-2214; or
78	(b) a county may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section 59-12-2216 in
79	accordance with Section 59-12-2216.
80	(3) As provided in this Subsection (3), one of the following sales and use taxes may be
81	imposed within the boundaries of a local taxing jurisdiction:
82	(a) a county may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section 59-12-2217 in
83	accordance with Section 59-12-2217; or
84	(b) a county, city, or town may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section
85	59-12-2218 in accordance with Section 59-12-2218.
86	(4) A county may impose the sales and use tax authorized by Section 59-12-2219 in

88	Section 3. Section 59-12-2219 is enacted to read:
89	59-12-2219. County option sales and use tax for highways and public transit
90	Base Rate Expenditure of revenue.
91	(1) As used in this section:
92	(a) "Class B road" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-3-103.
93	(b) "Class C road" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-3-104.
94	(c) "Weighted mileage" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-2-108.
95	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this part, a county legislative body may impose a
96	sales and use tax of .25% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) within the
97	county, including the cities and towns within the county.
98	(3) A sales and use tax under this section shall be expended as provided in Subsection
99	<u>(4).</u>
100	(4) The sales and use tax under this section shall be expended as follows:
101	(a) .20% shall be distributed to the county and cities and towns within the county using
102	the apportionment formula described in Subsection (5) and expended for:
103	(i) a class B road;
104	(ii) a class C road;
105	(iii) traffic and pedestrian safety, including for a class B road or class C road, for:
106	(A) a sidewalk;
107	(B) curb and gutter;
108	(C) a safety feature;
109	(D) a traffic sign;
110	(E) a traffic signal;
111	(F) street lighting; or
112	(G) a combination of Subsections (4)(a)(iii)(A) through (F);
113	(iv) the construction, maintenance, or operation of an active transportation facility that
114	is for nonmotorized vehicles and multimodal transportation and connects an origin with a
115	destination; or
116	(v) public transit system services;
117	(vi) a combination of Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (v); and
118	(b) .05% shall be expended by the county for one or more regionally significant

119	transportation facilities.
120	(5) (a) Revenue described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be apportioned as follows:
121	(i) 50% shall be apportioned in the ratio that the class B roads weighted mileage within
122	the unincorporated area of the county and class C roads weighted mileage within each city or
123	town within that county bear to the total class B and class C roads weighted mileage within the
124	county; and
125	(ii) 50% shall be apportioned in the ratio that the population of a city, town, or total
126	unincorporated area of a county bears to the total population of the county.
127	(b) (i) Population figures for purposes of this section shall be based on the most recent
128	official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau.
129	(ii) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census
130	Bureau, population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population
131	Estimates Committee created by executive order of the governor.
132	(c) The Department of Transportation shall biannually remit to the commission the
133	weighted mileage information required to determine the ratio under Subsection (5)(a)(i).
134	(6) Revenue collected from a sales and use tax under this section may not be used to
135	supplant existing revenue a county, city, or town budgets for transportation.
136	Section 4. Section 59-13-102 is amended to read:
137	59-13-102. Definitions.
138	As used in this chapter:
139	(1) "Aviation fuel" means fuel that is sold at airports and used exclusively for the
140	operation of aircraft.
141	(2) "Clean fuel" means:
142	(a) the following special fuels:
143	(i) propane;
144	(ii) compressed natural gas;
145	(iii) liquified natural gas; or
146	(iv) electricity; or
147	(b) any motor or special fuel that meets the clean fuel vehicle standards in the federal
148	Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, Title II.
149	(3) "Commission" means the State Tax Commission.

150	(4) "Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban
151	Consumers as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of
152	<u>Labor.</u>
153	[(4)] (5) (a) "Diesel fuel" means any liquid that is commonly or commercially known,
154	offered for sale, or used as a fuel in diesel engines.
155	(b) "Diesel fuel" includes any combustible liquid, by whatever name the liquid may be
156	known or sold, when the liquid is used in an internal combustion engine for the generation of
157	power to operate a motor vehicle licensed to operate on the highway, except fuel that is subject
158	to the tax imposed in Part 2, Motor Fuel, and Part 4, Aviation Fuel, of this chapter.
159	$[\frac{(5)}{(6)}]$ "Distributor" means any person in this state who:
160	(a) imports or causes to be imported motor fuel for use, distribution, or sale, whether at
161	retail or wholesale;
162	(b) produces, refines, manufactures, or compounds motor fuel in this state for use,
163	distribution, or sale in this state;
164	(c) is engaged in the business of purchasing motor fuel for resale in wholesale
165	quantities to retail dealers of motor fuel and who accounts for his own motor fuel tax liability;
166	or
167	(d) for purposes of Part 4, Aviation Fuel, only, makes retail sales of aviation fuel to:
168	(i) federally certificated air carriers; and
169	(ii) other persons.
170	[(6)] (7) "Dyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that is dyed in accordance with 26 U.S.C.
171	Sec. 4082 or United States Environmental Protection Agency or Internal Revenue Service
172	regulations and that is considered destined for nontaxable off-highway use.
173	[(7)] (8) "Exchange agreement" means an agreement between licensed suppliers where
174	one is a position holder in a terminal who agrees to deliver taxable special fuel to the other
175	supplier or the other supplier's customer at the loading rack of the terminal where the delivering
176	supplier holds an inventory position.
177	[(8)] (9) "Federally certificated air carrier" means a person who holds a certificate
178	issued by the Federal Aviation Administration authorizing the person to conduct an all-cargo
179	operation or scheduled operation, as defined in 14 C.F.R. Sec. 110.2.
180	[(9)] (10) "Fuels" means any gas, liquid, solid, mixture, or other energy source which is

connection with any business activity.

181	generally used in an engine or motor for the generation of power, including aviation fuel, clean
182	fuel, diesel fuel, motor fuel, and special fuel.
183	[(10)] (11) "Highway" means every way or place, of whatever nature, generally open to
184	the use of the public for the purpose of vehicular travel notwithstanding that the way or place
185	may be temporarily closed for the purpose of construction, maintenance, or repair.
186	[(11)] (12) "Motor fuel" means fuel that is commonly or commercially known or sold
187	as gasoline or gasohol and is used for any purpose, but does not include aviation fuel.
188	[(12)] (13) "Motor fuels received" means:
189	(a) motor fuels that have been loaded at the refinery or other place into tank cars,
190	placed in any tank at the refinery from which any withdrawals are made directly into tank
191	trucks, tank wagons, or other types of transportation equipment, containers, or facilities other
192	than tank cars, or placed in any tank at the refinery from which any sales, uses, or deliveries not
193	involving transportation are made directly; or
194	(b) motor fuels that have been imported by any person into the state from any other
195	state or territory by tank car, tank truck, pipeline, or any other conveyance at the time when,
196	and the place where, the interstate transportation of the motor fuel is completed within the state
197	by the person who at the time of the delivery is the owner of the motor fuel.
198	(14) "Oil pricing service" means an organization that:
199	(a) publishes wholesale petroleum prices within the United States;
200	(b) publishes at least 25,000 rack prices on a daily basis; and
201	(c) receives daily gasoline and diesel prices from at least 100,000 retail outlets in the
202	United States and Canada.
203	[(13)] (15) (a) "Qualified motor vehicle" means a special fuel-powered motor vehicle
204	used, designed, or maintained for transportation of persons or property which:
205	(i) has a gross vehicle weight or registered gross vehicle weight exceeding 26,000
206	pounds;
207	(ii) has three or more axles regardless of weight; or
208	(iii) is used in a combination of vehicles when the weight of the combination of
209	vehicles exceeds 26,000 pounds gross vehicle weight.
210	(b) "Qualified motor vehicle" does not include a recreational vehicle not used in

212	[(14)] (16) "Rack," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means a deck, platform, or open bay
213	which consists of a series of metered pipes and hoses for the delivery or removal of diesel fuel
214	from a refinery or terminal into a motor vehicle, rail car, or vessel.
215	[(15)] (17) "Removal," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means the physical transfer of
216	diesel fuel from a production, manufacturing, terminal, or refinery facility and includes use of
217	diesel fuel. Removal does not include:
218	(a) loss by evaporation or destruction; or
219	(b) transfers between refineries, racks, or terminals.
220	[(16)] (18) (a) "Special fuel" means any fuel regardless of name or character that:
221	(i) is usable as fuel to operate or propel a motor vehicle upon the public highways of
222	the state; and
223	(ii) is not taxed under the category of aviation or motor fuel.
224	(b) Special fuel includes:
225	(i) fuels that are not conveniently measurable on a gallonage basis; and
226	(ii) diesel fuel.
227	[(17)] (19) "Supplier," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means a person who:
228	(a) imports or acquires immediately upon importation into this state diesel fuel from
229	within or without a state, territory, or possession of the United States or the District of
230	Columbia;
231	(b) produces, manufactures, refines, or blends diesel fuel in this state;
232	(c) otherwise acquires for distribution or sale in this state, diesel fuel with respect to
233	which there has been no previous taxable sale or use; or
234	(d) is in a two party exchange where the receiving party is deemed to be the supplier.
235	[(18)] (20) "Terminal," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means a facility for the storage
236	of diesel fuel which is supplied by a motor vehicle, pipeline, or vessel and from which diesel
237	fuel is removed for distribution at a rack.
238	[(19)] (21) "Two party exchange" means a transaction in which special fuel is
239	transferred between licensed suppliers pursuant to an exchange agreement.
240	[(20)] (22) "Undyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that is not subject to the dyeing
241	requirements in accordance with 26 U.S.C. Sec. 4082 or United States Environmental
242	Protection Agency or Internal Revenue Service regulations.

243	$\left[\frac{(21)}{(23)}\right]$ "Use," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means the consumption of special
244	fuel for the operation or propulsion of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of the state
245	and includes the reception of special fuel into the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle.
246	[(22)] (24) "User," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means any person who uses special
247	fuel within this state in an engine or motor for the generation of power to operate or propel a
248	motor vehicle upon the public highways of the state.
249	[(23)] (25) "Ute tribal member" means an enrolled member of the Ute tribe.
250	[(24)] (26) "Ute tribe" means the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah and Ouray
251	Reservation.
252	$\left[\frac{(25)}{25}\right]$ "Ute trust land" means the lands:
253	(a) of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation that are held in trust by the United States for
254	the benefit of:
255	(i) the Ute tribe;
256	(ii) an individual; or
257	(iii) a group of individuals; or
258	(b) specified as trust land by agreement between the governor and the Ute tribe meeting
259	the requirements of Subsections 59-13-201.5(3) and 59-13-301.5(3).
260	Section 5. Section 59-13-201 is amended to read:
261	59-13-201. Rate Tax basis Exemptions Revenue deposited in the
262	Transportation Fund Restricted account for boating uses Refunds Reduction of tax
263	in limited circumstances.
264	(1) (a) Subject to the provisions of this section and until January 1, 2016, a tax is
265	imposed at the rate of 24-1/2 cents per gallon upon all motor fuel that is sold, used, or received
266	for sale or used in this state.
267	(b) (i) Subject to the provisions of this section and beginning on January 1, 2016, a tax
268	is imposed at the rate of 14% of the statewide average rack price of a gallon of motor fuel per
269	gallon upon all motor fuel that is sold, used, or received for sale or used in this state.
270	(ii) Subject to the requirements under Subsection (1)(b)(iii), the statewide average rack
271	price of a gallon of motor fuel under Subsection (1)(b)(i) shall be determined by calculating the
272	previous fiscal year statewide average rack price of a gallon of regular unleaded motor fuel,
273	excluding federal and state excise taxes, for the 12 months ending on the previous June 30 as

274	published by an oil pricing service.
275	(iii) (A) Subject to the requirement in Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(B), the statewide average
276	rack price of a gallon of motor fuel determined under Subsection (1)(b)(ii) may not be less than
277	\$1.75 per gallon.
278	(B) For calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, the commission shall, on
279	January 1, annually adjust the minimum statewide average rack price of a gallon of motor fuel
280	described in Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(A) by taking the minimum statewide average rack price of a
281	gallon of motor fuel for the previous year and adding an amount equal to the greater of:
282	(I) an amount calculated by multiplying the minimum average rack price of a gallon of
283	motor fuel for the previous year by the actual percent change during the previous calendar year
284	in the Consumer Price Index; and
285	<u>(II) 0.</u>
286	(C) Subject to the requirement in Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(D), the statewide average rack
287	price of a gallon of motor fuel determined by the commission under Subsection (1)(b)(ii) may
288	not exceed \$4.00 per gallon.
289	(D) For a calendar year following the year that the maximum statewide average rack
290	price of a gallon of motor fuel reaches the maximum under Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(C), the
291	commission shall on January 1 annually adjust the maximum statewide average rack price of a
292	gallon of motor fuel described in Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(C) by taking the maximum statewide
293	average rack price of a gallon of motor fuel for the previous year and adding an amount equal
294	to the greater of:
295	(I) an amount calculated by multiplying the maximum statewide average rack price of a
296	gallon of motor fuel for the previous year the actual percent change during the previous
297	calendar year in the Consumer Price Index; and
298	(II) 0.
299	(iv) The commission shall annually:
300	(A) determine the statewide average rack price of a gallon of motor fuel in accordance
301	with Subsection (1)(b)(ii); and
302	(B) adjust the fuel tax imposed under Subsection (1)(b)(i), rounded to the nearest
303	one-tenth of a cent, based on the determination under Subsection (1)(b)(ii); and
304	(C) post or otherwise make public the adjusted fuel tax rate as determined in

305	Subsection (1)(b)(iv)(B) no later than 60 days prior to the annual effective date under
306	Subsection $(1)(b)(v)$.
307	(v) The tax rate imposed under this Subsection (1)(b) and adjusted as required under
308	Subsection (1)(b)(iv) shall take effect on January 1 of each year.
309	[(b)] (c) In lieu of the tax imposed under Subsection (1)(a) or (b) and subject to the
310	provisions of this section, a tax is imposed at the rate of 3/19 of the rate imposed under
311	Subsection (1)(a) or (b), rounded up to the nearest penny, upon all motor fuels that meet the
312	definition of clean fuel in Section 59-13-102 and are sold, used, or received for sale or use in
313	this state.
314	(2) Any increase or decrease in tax rate applies to motor fuel that is imported to the
315	state or sold at refineries in the state on or after the effective date of the rate change.
316	(3) (a) No motor fuel tax is imposed upon:
317	(i) motor fuel that is brought into and sold in this state in original packages as purely
318	interstate commerce sales;
319	(ii) motor fuel that is exported from this state if proof of actual exportation on forms
320	prescribed by the commission is made within 180 days after exportation;
321	(iii) motor fuel or components of motor fuel that is sold and used in this state and
322	distilled from coal, oil shale, rock asphalt, bituminous sand, or solid hydrocarbons located in
323	this state; or
324	(iv) motor fuel that is sold to the United States government, this state, or the political
325	subdivisions of this state.
326	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
327	commission shall make rules governing the procedures for administering the tax exemption
328	provided under Subsection (3)(a)(iv).
329	(4) The commission may either collect no tax on motor fuel exported from the state or,
330	upon application, refund the tax paid.
331	(5) (a) All revenue received by the commission under this part shall be deposited daily
332	with the state treasurer and credited to the Transportation Fund.
333	(b) An appropriation from the Transportation Fund shall be made to the commission to
334	cover expenses incurred in the administration and enforcement of this part and the collection of
335	the motor fuel tax.

- (6) (a) The commission shall determine what amount of motor fuel tax revenue is received from the sale or use of motor fuel used in motorboats registered under the provisions of the State Boating Act, and this amount shall be deposited in a restricted revenue account in the General Fund of the state.
- (b) The funds from this account shall be used for the construction, improvement, operation, and maintenance of state-owned boating facilities and for the payment of the costs and expenses of the Division of Parks and Recreation in administering and enforcing the State Boating Act.
- (7) (a) The United States government or any of its instrumentalities, this state, or a political subdivision of this state that has purchased motor fuel from a licensed distributor or from a retail dealer of motor fuel and has paid the tax on the motor fuel as provided in this section is entitled to a refund of the tax and may file with the commission for a quarterly refund.
- (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the application and refund provided for in Subsection (7)(a).
- (8) (a) The commission shall refund annually into the Off-Highway Vehicle Account in the General Fund an amount equal to the lesser of the following:
 - (i) .5% of the motor fuel tax revenues collected under this section; or
- 355 (ii) \$1,050,000.
 - (b) This amount shall be used as provided in Section 41-22-19.
 - (9) (a) Beginning on April 1, 2001, a tax imposed under this section on motor fuel that is sold, used, or received for sale or use in this state is reduced to the extent provided in Subsection (9)(b) if:
 - (i) a tax imposed on the basis of the sale, use, or receipt for sale or use of the motor fuel is paid to the Navajo Nation;
 - (ii) the tax described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) is imposed without regard to whether or not the person required to pay the tax is an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation; and
 - (iii) the commission and the Navajo Nation execute and maintain an agreement as provided in this Subsection (9) for the administration of the reduction of tax.
 - (b) (i) If but for Subsection (9)(a) the motor fuel is subject to a tax imposed by this

367	section:
368	(A) the state shall be paid the difference described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii) if that
369	difference is greater than \$0; and
370	(B) a person may not require the state to provide a refund, a credit, or similar tax relief
371	if the difference described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii) is less than or equal to \$0.
372	(ii) The difference described in Subsection (9)(b)(i) is equal to the difference between:
373	(A) the amount of tax imposed on the motor fuel by this section; less
374	(B) the tax imposed and collected by the Navajo Nation on the motor fuel.
375	(c) For purposes of Subsections (9)(a) and (b), the tax paid to the Navajo Nation under
376	a tax imposed by the Navajo Nation on the basis of the sale, use, or receipt for sale or use of
377	motor fuel does not include any interest or penalties a taxpayer may be required to pay to the
378	Navajo Nation.
379	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
380	commission shall make rules governing the procedures for administering the reduction of tax
381	provided under this Subsection (9).
382	(e) The agreement required under Subsection (9)(a):
383	(i) may not:
384	(A) authorize the state to impose a tax in addition to a tax imposed under this chapter;
385	(B) provide a reduction of taxes greater than or different from the reduction described
386	in this Subsection (9); or
387	(C) affect the power of the state to establish rates of taxation;
388	(ii) shall:
389	(A) be in writing;
390	(B) be signed by:
391	(I) the chair of the commission or the chair's designee; and
392	(II) a person designated by the Navajo Nation that may bind the Navajo Nation;
393	(C) be conditioned on obtaining any approval required by federal law;
394	(D) state the effective date of the agreement; and
395	(E) state any accommodation the Navajo Nation makes related to the construction and
396	maintenance of state highways and other infrastructure within the Utah portion of the Navajo
397	Nation; and

398	(iii) may:
399	(A) notwithstanding Section 59-1-403, authorize the commission to disclose to the
400	Navajo Nation information that is:
401	(I) contained in a document filed with the commission; and
402	(II) related to the tax imposed under this section;
403	(B) provide for maintaining records by the commission or the Navajo Nation; or
404	(C) provide for inspections or audits of distributors, carriers, or retailers located or
405	doing business within the Utah portion of the Navajo Nation.
406	(f) (i) If, on or after April 1, 2001, the Navajo Nation changes the tax rate of a tax
407	imposed on motor fuel, any change in the reduction of taxes under this Subsection (9) as a
408	result of the change in the tax rate is not effective until the first day of the calendar quarter after
409	a 60-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice:
410	(A) from the Navajo Nation; and
411	(B) meeting the requirements of Subsection (9)(f)(ii).
412	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (9)(f)(i) shall state:
413	(A) that the Navajo Nation has changed or will change the tax rate of a tax imposed on
414	motor fuel;
415	(B) the effective date of the rate change of the tax described in Subsection (9)(f)(ii)(A);
416	and
417	(C) the new rate of the tax described in Subsection (9)(f)(ii)(A).
418	(g) If the agreement required by Subsection (9)(a) terminates, a reduction of tax is not
419	permitted under this Subsection (9) beginning on the first day of the calendar quarter after a
420	30-day period beginning on the day the agreement terminates.
421	(h) If there is a conflict between this Subsection (9) and the agreement required by
422	Subsection (9)(a), this Subsection (9) governs.
423	Section 6. Section 59-13-301 is amended to read:
424	59-13-301. Tax basis Rate Exemptions Revenue deposited with treasurer
425	and credited to Transportation Fund Reduction of tax in limited circumstances.
426	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2), (3), (11), and (12) and Section
427	59-13-304, a tax is imposed at the same [rate] rates imposed under [Subsection] Subsections
428	59-13-201(1)(a) and (b) on the:

429	(i) removal of undyed diesel fuel from any refinery;
430	(ii) removal of undyed diesel fuel from any terminal;
431	(iii) entry into the state of any undyed diesel fuel for consumption, use, sale, or
432	warehousing;
433	(iv) sale of undyed diesel fuel to any person who is not registered as a supplier under
434	this part unless the tax has been collected under this section;
435	(v) any untaxed special fuel blended with undyed diesel fuel; or
436	(vi) use of untaxed special fuel other than propane or electricity.
437	(b) The tax imposed under this section shall only be imposed once upon any special
438	fuel.
439	(2) (a) No special fuel tax is imposed or collected upon dyed diesel fuel which:
440	(i) is sold or used for any purpose other than to operate or propel a motor vehicle upon
441	the public highways of the state, but this exemption applies only in those cases where the
442	purchasers or the users of special fuel establish to the satisfaction of the commission that the
443	special fuel was used for purposes other than to operate a motor vehicle upon the public
444	highways of the state; or
445	(ii) is sold to this state or any of its political subdivisions.
446	(b) No special fuel tax is imposed on undyed diesel fuel or clean fuel that is:
447	(i) sold to the United States government or any of its instrumentalities or to this state or
448	any of its political subdivisions;
449	(ii) exported from this state if proof of actual exportation on forms prescribed by the
450	commission is made within 180 days after exportation;
451	(iii) used in a vehicle off-highway;
452	(iv) used to operate a power take-off unit of a vehicle;
453	(v) used for off-highway agricultural uses;
454	(vi) used in a separately fueled engine on a vehicle that does not propel the vehicle
455	upon the highways of the state; or
456	(vii) used in machinery and equipment not registered and not required to be registered
457	for highway use.
458	(3) No tax is imposed or collected on special fuel if it is:
459	(a) (i) purchased for business use in machinery and equipment not registered and not

- required to be registered for highway use; and
- 461 (ii) used pursuant to the conditions of a state implementation plan approved under Title 462 19, Chapter 2, Air Conservation Act; or
 - (b) propane or electricity.

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- 464 (4) Upon request of a buyer meeting the requirements under Subsection (3), the
 465 Division of Air Quality shall issue an exemption certificate that may be shown to a seller.
 - (5) The special fuel tax shall be paid by the supplier.
 - (6) (a) The special fuel tax shall be paid by every user who is required by Sections 59-13-303 and 59-13-305 to obtain a special fuel user permit and file special fuel tax reports.
 - (b) The user shall receive a refundable credit for special fuel taxes paid on purchases which are delivered into vehicles and for which special fuel tax liability is reported.
 - (7) (a) Except as provided under Subsections (7)(b) and (c), all revenue received by the commission from taxes and license fees under this part shall be deposited daily with the state treasurer and credited to the Transportation Fund.
 - (b) An appropriation from the Transportation Fund shall be made to the commission to cover expenses incurred in the administration and enforcement of this part and the collection of the special fuel tax.
 - (c) Five dollars of each special fuel user trip permit fee paid under Section 59-13-303 may be used by the commission as a dedicated credit to cover the costs of electronic credentialing as provided in Section 41-1a-303.
 - (8) The commission may either collect no tax on special fuel exported from the state or, upon application, refund the tax paid.
 - (9) (a) The United States government or any of its instrumentalities, this state, or a political subdivision of this state that has purchased special fuel from a supplier or from a retail dealer of special fuel and has paid the tax on the special fuel as provided in this section is entitled to a refund of the tax and may file with the commission for a quarterly refund in a manner prescribed by the commission.
 - (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the application and refund provided for in Subsection (9)(a).
 - (10) (a) The purchaser shall pay the tax on diesel fuel or clean fuel purchased for uses

491	under Subsections (2)(b)(i), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), and (vii) and apply for a refund for the tax paid
492	as provided in Subsection (9) and this Subsection (10).

- (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the application and refund for off-highway and nonhighway uses provided under Subsections (2)(b)(iii), (iv), (vi), and (vii).
- (c) A refund of tax paid under this part on diesel fuel used for nonhighway agricultural uses shall be made in accordance with the tax return procedures under Section 59-13-202.
- (11) (a) Beginning on April 1, 2001, a tax imposed under this section on special fuel is reduced to the extent provided in Subsection (11)(b) if:
 - (i) the Navajo Nation imposes a tax on the special fuel;
- (ii) the tax described in Subsection (11)(a)(i) is imposed without regard to whether the person required to pay the tax is an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation; and
- (iii) the commission and the Navajo Nation execute and maintain an agreement as provided in this Subsection (11) for the administration of the reduction of tax.
- (b) (i) If but for Subsection (11)(a) the special fuel is subject to a tax imposed by this section:
- (A) the state shall be paid the difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(ii) if that difference is greater than \$0; and
- (B) a person may not require the state to provide a refund, a credit, or similar tax relief if the difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(ii) is less than or equal to \$0.
- (ii) The difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(i) is equal to the difference between:
 - (A) the amount of tax imposed on the special fuel by this section; less
 - (B) the tax imposed and collected by the Navajo Nation on the special fuel.
- (c) For purposes of Subsections (11)(a) and (b), the tax paid to the Navajo Nation on the special fuel does not include any interest or penalties a taxpayer may be required to pay to the Navajo Nation.
- (d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the procedures for administering the reduction of tax provided under this Subsection (11).
 - (e) The agreement required under Subsection (11)(a):

522	(1) may not:
523	(A) authorize the state to impose a tax in addition to a tax imposed under this chapter;
524	(B) provide a reduction of taxes greater than or different from the reduction described
525	in this Subsection (11); or
526	(C) affect the power of the state to establish rates of taxation;
527	(ii) shall:
528	(A) be in writing;
529	(B) be signed by:
530	(I) the chair of the commission or the chair's designee; and
531	(II) a person designated by the Navajo Nation that may bind the Navajo Nation;
532	(C) be conditioned on obtaining any approval required by federal law;
533	(D) state the effective date of the agreement; and
534	(E) state any accommodation the Navajo Nation makes related to the construction and
535	maintenance of state highways and other infrastructure within the Utah portion of the Navajo
536	Nation; and
537	(iii) may:
538	(A) notwithstanding Section 59-1-403, authorize the commission to disclose to the
539	Navajo Nation information that is:
540	(I) contained in a document filed with the commission; and
541	(II) related to the tax imposed under this section;
542	(B) provide for maintaining records by the commission or the Navajo Nation; or
543	(C) provide for inspections or audits of suppliers, distributors, carriers, or retailers
544	located or doing business within the Utah portion of the Navajo Nation.
545	(f) (i) If, on or after April 1, 2001, the Navajo Nation changes the tax rate of a tax
546	imposed on special fuel, any change in the amount of the reduction of taxes under this
547	Subsection (11) as a result of the change in the tax rate is not effective until the first day of the
548	calendar quarter after a 60-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice:
549	(A) from the Navajo Nation; and
550	(B) meeting the requirements of Subsection (11)(f)(ii).
551	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (11)(f)(i) shall state:
552	(A) that the Navajo Nation has changed or will change the tax rate of a tax imposed on

553	special fuel;
554	(B) the effective date of the rate change of the tax described in Subsection
555	(11)(f)(ii)(A); and
556	(C) the new rate of the tax described in Subsection (11)(f)(ii)(A).
557	(g) If the agreement required by Subsection (11)(a) terminates, a reduction of tax is not
558	permitted under this Subsection (11) beginning on the first day of the calendar quarter after a
559	30-day period beginning on the day the agreement terminates.
560	(h) If there is a conflict between this Subsection (11) and the agreement required by
561	Subsection (11)(a), this Subsection (11) governs.
562	(12) (a) Beginning on January 1, 2009, a tax imposed under this section on compressed
563	natural gas is imposed at a reduced rate of 8-1/2 cents per gasoline gallon equivalent to be
564	increased [or decreased] proportionately with any increase [or decrease] in the rate in
565	Subsection 59-13-201(1)(a).
566	(b) Beginning on July 1, 2011, a tax imposed under this section on liquified natural gas
567	is imposed at a reduced rate of 8-1/2 cents per gasoline gallon equivalent to be increased [or
568	decreased] proportionately with any increase [or decrease] in the rate in Subsection
569	59-13-201(1)(a).
570	Section 7. Section 72-2-107 is amended to read:
571	72-2-107. Appropriation from Transportation Fund Deposit in class B and
572	class C roads account.
573	(1) (a) There is appropriated to the department from the Transportation Fund annually
574	an amount equal to 30% of an amount which the director of finance shall compute in the
575	following manner: The first \$458,000,000 of total revenue deposited into the Transportation
576	Fund during the fiscal year [from state highway-user taxes and fees], minus:
577	[(a)] (i) those amounts appropriated or transferred from the Transportation Fund during
578	the same fiscal year to:
579	[(i)] (A) the Department of Public Safety;
580	[(ii)] (B) the State Tax Commission;
581	[(iii)] (C) the Division of Finance;
582	[(iv)] (D) the Utah Travel Council; and
583	[(v)] (ii) any other amounts appropriated or transferred for any other state agencies not

584	a part of the department; and
585	[(b)] (iii) the amount of sales and use tax revenue deposited in the Transportation Fund
586	in accordance with Section 59-12-103.
587	(b) There is appropriated to the department from the Transportation Fund annually an
588	amount equal to 35% of the total revenue that exceeds \$458,000,000 minus the amounts
589	described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iii) that is deposited into the Transportation Fund
590	during the fiscal year.
591	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), [all of this money] the amounts
592	appropriated to the department in Subsections (1)(a) and (b) shall be placed in an account to be
593	known as the class B and class C roads account to be used as provided in this title.
594	(b) The director of finance shall annually transfer \$500,000 of the amount calculated
595	under Subsection (1) to the department as dedicated credits for the State Park Access Highways
596	Improvement Program created in Section 72-3-207.
597	(3) Each quarter of every year the director of finance shall make the necessary
598	accounting entries to transfer the money appropriated under this section to the class B and class
599	C roads account.
600	(4) The funds in the class B and class C roads account shall be expended under the
601	direction of the department as the Legislature shall provide.
602	Section 8. Section 72-2-108 is amended to read:
603	72-2-108. Apportionment of funds available for use on class B and class C roads
604	Bonds.
605	(1) For purposes of this section:
606	(a) "Graveled road" means a road:
607	(i) that is:
608	(A) graded; and
609	(B) drained by transverse drainage systems to prevent serious impairment of the road
610	by surface water;
611	(ii) that has an improved surface; and
612	(iii) that has a wearing surface made of:
613	(A) gravel;
614	(B) broken stone;

615	(C) slag;
616	(D) iron ore;
617	(E) shale; or
618	(F) other material that is:
619	(I) similar to a material described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A) through (E); and
620	(II) coarser than sand.
621	(b) "Paved road" includes a graveled road with a chip seal surface.
622	(c) "Road mile" means a one-mile length of road, regardless of:
623	(i) the width of the road; or
624	(ii) the number of lanes into which the road is divided.
625	(d) "Weighted mileage" means the sum of the following:
626	(i) paved road miles multiplied by five; and
627	[(ii) graveled road miles multiplied by two; and]
628	[(iii)] (ii) all other road type road miles multiplied by one.
629	(2) Subject to the provisions of Subsections (3) through (5), funds in the class B and
630	class C roads account shall be apportioned among counties and municipalities in the following
631	manner:
632	(a) 50% in the ratio that the class B roads weighted mileage within each county and
633	class C roads weighted mileage within each municipality bear to the total class B and class C
634	roads weighted mileage within the state; and
635	(b) 50% in the ratio that the population of a county or municipality bears to the total
636	population of the state as of the last official federal census or the United States Bureau of
637	Census estimate, whichever is most recent, except that if population estimates are not available
638	from the United States Bureau of Census, population figures shall be derived from the estimate
639	from the Utah Population Estimates Committee.
640	(3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b), "the population of a county" means:
641	(a) the population of a county outside the corporate limits of municipalities in that
642	county, if the population of the county outside the corporate limits of municipalities in that
643	county is not less than 14% of the total population of that county, including municipalities; and
644	(b) if the population of a county outside the corporate limits of municipalities in the
645	county is less than 14% of the total population:

- (i) the aggregate percentage of the population apportioned to municipalities in that county shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between:
 - (A) 14%; and

- (B) the actual percentage of population outside the corporate limits of municipalities in that county; and
- (ii) the population apportioned to the county shall be 14% of the total population of that county, including incorporated municipalities.
- (4) (a) If an apportionment under Subsection (2) <u>for fiscal year 2014</u> to a county or municipality with a population of less than 14,000 is less than 120% of the amount apportioned to the county or municipality from the class B and class C roads account for fiscal year 1996-97 <u>multiplied by the percentage increase in the class B and class C roads account from fiscal year</u> 1996-97 to the most recently completed fiscal year, the department shall:
- (i) reapportion the funds under Subsection (2) to ensure that the county or municipality receives an amount equal to 120% of the amount apportioned to the county or municipality from the class B and class C roads account for fiscal year 1996-97; and
- (ii) decrease proportionately as provided in Subsection (4)(b) the apportionments to counties and municipalities for which the reapportionment under Subsection (4)(a)(i) does not apply.
- (b) The aggregate amount of the funds that the department shall decrease proportionately from the apportionments under Subsection (4)(a)(ii) is an amount equal to the aggregate amount reapportioned to counties and municipalities under Subsection (4)(a)(i).
- (5) (a) In addition to the apportionment adjustments made under Subsection (4), a county or municipality that qualifies for reapportioned money under Subsection (4)(a)(i) shall receive the percentage change in the class B and class C roads account compounded annually beginning in fiscal year 2006-07.
- (b) The adjustment under Subsection (5)(a) shall be made in the same way as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) and (b).
- (6) The governing body of any municipality or county may issue bonds redeemable up to a period of 10 years under Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, to pay the costs of constructing, repairing, and maintaining class B or class C roads and may pledge class B or class C road funds received pursuant to this section to pay principal, interest, premiums,

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677	and reserves for the bonds.
678	Section 9. Repealer.
679	This bill repeals:
680	Section 59-13-104, Tax rate decals Posted on pump.